

### 3. Depreciation of Fixed Assets

Westside Transport Ltd prepares its final accounts to the 31 December each year. The company's policy is to depreciate its vehicles at the rate of 20% of Book Value (reducing balance) per annum, calculated from the date of purchase to the date of disposal and to accumulate this depreciation in a Provision for Depreciation Account. (Calculations to the nearest Euro.)

On 01/01/2011, Westside Transport Ltd owned the following vehicles:

- No. 1 purchased on 01/01/2007 for €50,000
- No. 2 purchased on 01/01/2008 for €60,000
- No. 3 purchased on 01/01/2009 for €70,000

On 01/09/2011, Vehicle No. 1 was traded in for €16,000 against a new vehicle costing €75,000. Vehicle No. 1 had a refrigeration unit fitted on 01/01/2010 costing €18,000. This refrigeration unit was depreciated at the rate of 30% for the first year and thereafter at the same rate as Vehicle No. 1. On 01/03/2012, Vehicle No. 3 was crashed and traded in against a new vehicle costing €85,000. The company received compensation from the insurance company to the value of €24,000 and the cheque paid for the new vehicle was €65,000.

**You are required to show, with workings, for each of the two years 2011 and 2012:**

**Required:**

- (a) Show the Vehicles Account, with workings, for each of the two years 2011 and 2012. (6)
- (b) Show the Provision for Depreciation Account, with workings, for each of the two years 2011 and 2012. (32)
- (c) Show the Vehicles Disposal Account, with workings, for each of the two years 2011 and 2012. (14)
- (d) Explain the difference between the straight line method and the diminishing balance method of depreciation. (8)

**(60 marks)**