SECTION 2 (200 marks)

Answer any TWO questions

5. Interpretation of Accounts

The following figures have been taken from the final accounts of Cass plc, a company involved in the pharmaceuticals industry, for the year ended 31/12/2014. The company has an authorised capital of €850,000 made up of 650,000 ordinary shares at €1 each and 200,000 6% preference shares at €1 each. The company has already issued 400,000 ordinary shares and all of the preference shares.

Trading and Profit and Loss Account for year ended 31/12/2014					
	€	€			
Sales		850,000			
Opening Stock	32,000				
Closing Stock	36,000				
Cost of goods sold		(481,000)			
Operating expenses for year		(244,000)			
Interest for year		(20,000)			
Net Profit for year		105,000			
Dividends paid		(42,500)			
Retained Profit		62,500			
Profit and Loss Balance 01/01/2014		27,500			
Profit and Loss Balance 31	90,000				

Ratios and information for year 31/12/2013	ended
Earnings per Ordinary Share	17·5c
Dividend per Ordinary Share	6·7c
Interest Cover	5.6 times
Quick Ratio	0.95 to 1
Return on Capital Employed	11.7%
Market value of one ordinary share	€1.80
Gearing	48%
Dividend Cover	2.6 times

Balance Sheet as at 31/12/2014

Danance Sheet as at C1/12/2011			
	€	€	€
Fixed Assets			750,000
Investments (market value 31/12/20	14 – €140,000)	120,000
•			870,000
Current Assets		85,000	,
Current Liabilities			
Trade Creditors	42,000		
Bank	23,000	(65,000)	20,000
	·		890,000
Financed by			
8% Debentures (2018 secured)			200,000
Capital and Reserves			
Ordinary Shares @ €1 each		400,000	
6% Preference Shares @ €1 each		200,000	
Profit and Loss Balance		90,000	690,000
			890,000

Market value of one ordinary share €1.95 on 31/12/2014.

- (a) You are required to calculate the following for 2014: (where appropriate calculations should be made to two decimal places.)
 - (i) Cash Purchases if the period of credit received from trade creditors is 2 months.
 - (ii) Ordinary Dividend Cover.
 - (iii) Interest Cover.
 - (iv) Dividend Yield.
 - (v) How long it would take one ordinary share to recover its value at present pay-out rate. (50)
- **(b)** Indicate if the ordinary shareholders would be satisfied with the performance, state of affairs and prospects of the company. Use relevant ratios and other information to support your answer. (40)
- (c) A rising Quick Ratio is a sign of prudent management. Briefly discuss. (10)

(100 marks)