Cost of Manufacture

80

840,009

(a)	Production budget Budgeted sales in units Add closing stock Less opening stock Budgeted production (units)	<u>45</u> 1,845	[2] <u>54</u> 1,554	[2] [2] [2]	
(b)					
Materi	ials Purchases Budget	Material A (Kgs)	laterial A (Kgs) Material B (Kgs)		
Less op Budget Purcha	(1,795 x 5kgs) (1,494 × 7kgs) osing stock pening stock ted purchases if R.M. in kgs ase price ases in €	8,975 [2] 10,458 [2] 19,433 2,700 [2] 22,133 (3,000) [2] 19,133	(1,795 × 3kgs) (1,494 × 6kgs)	5,385 <u>8,964</u> 14,349 <u>1,800</u> 16,149 (2,000) 14,149 <u>€6</u> €84,894	[2] [2] [2] [2]
(c)					
Produc	ction Cost/Manufacturing Budget		€	€	
A (i B (i Add pu	ng stock of raw materials 3,000 × €4.50) 2,000 × €5.50) urchases of raw materials (95,665	+ 84,894)	13,500 <u>11,000</u>		[4] [2]
A (2	osing stock of raw materials 2,700 × €5) 1,800 × €6)		13,500 <u>10,800</u>	<u>(24,300)</u> 180,759	[4]
	r cost sic (1,795 × 4 × 15) luxe (1,494 × 5 × 15)		107,700 <u>112,050</u>	219,750	[4]
Bas	ole overhead sic (1,795 × 4 × 8) luxe (1,494 × 5 × 8)		57,440 <u>59,760</u>	117,200	[4]
Fixed (overhead			<u>322,300</u>	[2]

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Budgeted Closing Sto	Basic			Deluxe		
Material A	(5kg × €5)	25	[1]	(7kg × €5)	35	[1]
Material B	(3kg × €6)	18	[1]	(6kg × €6)	36	[1]
Direct labour	(4hrs × €15)	60	[1]	(5hrs × €15)	75	[1]
Variable overheads	(4hrs × €8)	32	[1]	(5hrs × €8)	40	[1]
Fixed overheads	(4hrs × €22)	<u>88</u>	[1]	(5hrs × €22)	<u>110</u>	[1]
Cost per unit		<u>223</u>			<u>296</u>	

Fixed overheads per direct labour hour

Budgeted Trading Account		€		€	
Sales (1,800 × €260) + (1,500 × €340)			978,000	[2]	
Opening stock of finished goods					
Basic (50 × €220)	11,000				
Deluxe (60 × €290)	<u>17,400</u>	28,400	[2]		
Cost of manufacture	840,009	[1]			
		868,409			
Less closing stock of finished goods					
Basic (45 × €223)	10,035				
Deluxe (54 × €296)	<u>15,984</u>	(<u>26,019)</u>	[2]	(<u>842,390)</u>	
Gross profit				<u>135,610</u>	[2]



(e) The importance of budgeting:

- 1. Budgeting is <u>part of the planning process.</u> It is a financial road map for a business.
- 2. Budgeting helps define areas of responsibility for staff and motivates staff to achieve targets, improves communication and builds teamwork.
- 3. The resources of the organisation are used as efficiently as possible and it can adapt quickly to changing circumstances.
- 4. Budgeted figures can be compared with actual performance. Adverse variances can be investigated and action taken to ensure it does not happen again.