## **Question 9**

(a)

**(c)** 

quantities used.

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## **Cash Budget July to December**

Receipts	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct 1	Nov I	Dec To	tal
Cash Sales Receipts	155,800[1]	163,400[1]	212,800[1]	220,400[1]	231,800[1]	239,400[1]	1,223,600
Cr Sales 1 month		123,000[1]	129,000[1]	168,000[1]	174,000[1]	183,000[1]	777,000
Cr sales 2 months			123,000[1]	129,000[1]	168,000[1]	174,000[1]	594,000
	155,800	286,400	464,800	517,400	573,800	596,400	2,594,600
<b>Payments</b>							
Purchases 1 month		93,100[1]	102,900[1]	117,600[1]	122,500[1]	161,700[1]	597,800
Purchases 2 months			95,000[1]	105,000[1]	120,000[1]	125,000[1]	445,000
Wages	40,000[3]	40,000	40,000	40,000	40,000	40,000	240,000
Variable overhead	102,500[1]	107,500[1]	140,000[1]	145,000[1]	152,500[1]	157,500[1]	805,000
Fixed overhead	44,200[3]	44,200[1]	44,200[1]	44,200[1]	44,200[1]	44,200[1]	265,200
Equipment	48,000[1]	i					48,000
Interest	330[3	330[1]	330[1]	330[1]	330[1]	330[1]	1,980
	235,030	285,130	422,430	452,130	479,530	528,730	2,402,980
Net Cash	(79,230)[1]	1,270[1]	42,370[1]	65,270[1]	94,270[1]	67,670[1]	191,620
Bank Loan	44,000[1]	44,000					
Opening balance		(35,230)[1]	(33,960)	8,410	73,680	167,950	
Closing balance	(35,230)	(33,960)	8,410	73,680	167,950	235,620[3]	235,620

(b) 13

## **Budgeted Profit and Loss Account**

	€	€
Sales (80,500 @ 40)		3,220,000 [2]
Less Cost of Sales		
Purchased - materials	1,570,000 [1]	
Labour (6 x 40,000)	240,000 [1]	
Variable overhead	805,000 [1]	
Fixed overhead (6 x 44,200)	<u>265,200</u> [1]	(2,880,200)
Gross Profit		339,800
Depreciation – equipment	4,800 [1]	
Discount allowed	<u>64,400</u> [2]	(69,200)
		270,600
Add Discount received		<u>12,200</u> [1]
		282,800
Less interest		<u>(1,980)</u> [1]
Net Profit		<b>280,820</b> [2]

An adverse variance is when actual costs exceed the budgeted costs. Adverse variances may arise in direct material costs because of an increase in the price of materials or an increase in

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